

Part 3 – Tabular data on 28 communities in Qalqiliya, Tulkarm & Jenin

Locality	Population/ Refugees	Facilities, Services & Social indicators	Effects of Barrier	Additional Information	Source/person interviewed
<i>Qalqiliya town</i>	Pop: 45,000 3,900 refugee families	3 UNRWA schools, 1 health centre, 1 hospital. 67% unemployed.	Surrounded on 3 side, 1 exit. 3,000 dunums, 19 wells isolated	See Part 3	PARC, 21 Jan. Mayor/ Municipal PIO, 1 March.
<i>Azun Atme, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 1,500 6 refugee families	Israeli electricity network, no local water net Boys' School, Girls School, 1 health centre	Completely enclosed in own enclave; one access gate at Boys school	See box inset, Part 3.	31 March Village council Head, School teachers, B'Tselem March Report
<i>Beit Amin, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 1,000 no refugees families	Local generators & water tanks Boys' School shared with Azun Atme, no health centre	Pupils must cross barrier to reach school		31 March Village council head
<i>Izbat Salman, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 600 2 refugee families	Israel electricity network, local water network, no health services	1,000 dunums, 2 wells isolated		21 February Local residents
<i>Izbat Jal'ud, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 100 6 refugee families	No education/ health facilities	250 dunums isolated; 3 homes 1 mosque under demolition orders	See box inset, Part 1	Jan – March Head of village council Refugees (videotaped)
<i>Ras Atiya, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 1,400 ? refugee families.	1 Coed school (450 students) Residents now very dependent on local agriculture	1,400 dunums under barrier. 9,000 dunums will be isolated , affecting 220 families. One access point on southern side	Barrier passes 10 metres from school. Dynamite damage to building. 60 pupils & 20 teacher from outside village, access difficult.	16 January Follow-up visits, Feb -April Deputy Mayor/ Headmaster (videotaped)
<i>Dab'a, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 250 no refugee families	Local generator, water cisterns 1 school to grade 7	Isolated within Alfei Menashe enclave. 700 out of 2,000 dunums on Palestinian side of barrier	Homes damaged by dynamiting.	Jan – March Head of village council. 'Walling them in', <u>Economist</u> , 29 March 03.

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<i>Ras Tira, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 310 no refugee families.	Local generators & water cisterns No schools, health services.	30-35 dunums confiscated for barrier, additional 200 dunums, 5 wells isolated beyond.	Ras Tira & adjoining khirbets completely isolated within Alfei Menashe enclave. New road may connect enclave to route 55.	24 March Head of Village Council.
<i>Hable, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 5,300 44 refugee families		Will lose 4,000 dunums & 4 wells. Residents will have to travel 20 kilometres to reach Qalqiliya town.	Badly affected by movement restrictions since unmanned gate installed to block vehicular access to Route 55.	February Affected farmers
<i>Kfar Thulth, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 5,000 27 refugee families	Local generators & water cisterns	1,000's dunums Road to Dab'a & Ras Tira blocked		February local residents
<i>Nabi Elias, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 1,100 40-45 refugee families.	Connected to Israeli water & electricity network. No health centre: 1 co-educational school, 350 pupils	1,500 out of 4,000 dunums isolated behind barrier. 1000's of trees uprooted.	Will be in 'bottleneck', surrounded on 3 sides by barrier, sole access gate 3 kilometres east on route 55. Access to Qalqiliya town will be difficult	24 March Village Council Head, Case study in World Bank report.
<i>Jayous, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 3,000 23 refugee families	Local generators & water network. Majority dependent on local agriculture	9,100 dunums isolated/15,000 olive trees; 120 dunums green houses ,2,000 dunums vegetables & citrus. 7 wells cut off from Jayous, Falamyia & Qalqiliya.	Barrier is only 60 metres from nearest house in some cases. Village faces critical water shortage in summer	Jan-March Mayor, PHG/ PENGON officials
<i>Falamya, Qalqiliya</i>	Pop: 600 5 refugee families	Connected to Israeli electricity network, extensive local water network also used by local villages for tankered water	3,500 dunums isolated by wall, 5,000 trees uprooted, water pipes damaged	Project for 3 of 5 wells financed by French Gov. Assured Israeli contractor will replace French-project pipes, no assurances for local pipes	3 February local residents. Case study in World Bank report.

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<i>Tulkarm town</i>	Pop: 43,000 3,762 refugee families	Municipal infrastructure severely damaged by repeated incursions	Town encircled by wall to west & 'depth barrier' to east	See paras 6 & 24 above	22 February Mayor, PARC officials Surveyor, local authority
<i>Tulkarm Camp</i>	15,600 refugees 407 Special Hardship Case families	3 schools, 1 health centre, 1 distribution centre, 1 women's programme centre Connected to Tulkarm water/ electricity network	Camp encircled by wall to west & 'depth barrier' to east	See paras 6 & 24 above	Jan-March Camp Services Officer
<i>Nur Shams Camp, Tulkarm</i>	8,000 refugees 257 special hardship case families	2 schools, 1 health centre, 1 distribution centre Connected to Tulkarm water/electricity network	Camp encircled by 'depth barrier', 1,200 metres to east.	See paras 6 & 24 above	Jan-March Camp Services Officer
<i>Far'un, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 3,000 80 refugee families	Israeli electricity/ local water network. 2 schools: some pupils attend from nearby Shufa on other side of barrier	4,000 out of 12,000 dunums isolated. 1,000's trees uprooted or isolated & main well gone	Village will be encircled by Tulkarm 'depth barrier'	18 March Secretary Village council
<i>Kfar Jamal, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 2,500 21 refugee families	Connected to Israeli electricity network – poor supply. Local water network.	7,000 of 14,000 dunums isolated. 2,000 trees uprooted 10 wells destroyed. Villagers can't access land.		3 February Head village council, affected farmers (videotaped) PARC report
<i>Kfar Sur, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 1,500 12 refugee families	Connected to Israeli electricity & water network	50% of land (10,000 dunums) isolated		3 February Local farmers PARC report
<i>Ras, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 500 11 refugee families		10,000 dunums 75% of farming land isolated 1,000 trees uprooted	Requisition orders filed 1 week after work on barrier begun	3 February Local farmers, PARC & B'Tselem (Sept) reports

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<i>Atil, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 11,000 330 refugee families.	Connected to Israeli electricity, local water network	9,000 dunums isolated. Farmers only allowed to access land & greenhouses on foot or donkey	17% of population below poverty line in 1997. World Bank: <u>Poverty in West Bank & Gaza</u> (2001)	11 January Local (refugee) farmers (videotaped) See box inset
<i>Baqa esh- Sharqiya, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 3,500 140 refugee families .	Israeli electricity network, no local water network. 1 health centre – 4 staff live outside town. 4 schools – 60% of teachers & 20 % of pupils outside 80% villagers depend on agriculture	Isolated between barrier & Green Line, 560 dunums isolated 100's of olive trees & 100's of citrus tress uprooted	Specialised services in Ya'abad or Tulkarm, difficult to access once barrier is built. Strong family & social ties with Baqa Gharbiya across Green Line.	6 March Mayor, Mr. Muaid Hussein
<i>Nazlat Issa, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 2,500 50 refugee families	Israeli electricity network	Isolated between barrier & Green Line 62 shops demolished in central market 100 more shops threatened	Sealed off from its neighbouring villages for a year, no vehicles allowed in or out.	11 February local residents
<i>Qafin, Tulkarm</i>	Pop: 9,000 107 refugee families.	Israeli electricity/ local water network 90% worked in Israel before intifada, unemployment is 70%. Cut off from Tulkarm & from nearby towns.	600 dunums lost to barrier, 55-metre-wide strip through 7 kilometres of village land. 6,000 dunums isolated beyond barrier, 3,000 dunums left. 12,000 olive tress cut, irrigation pipes broken	Kibbutz Metzger, which has good relations with Qafin, appealed to the Israeli government to build the barrier on the Green Line itself. Refused. No openings in the concrete for a gate in the Qafin area.	12 March Mayor
<i>Barta'a esh- Sharqiya, Jenin</i>	Pop: 5,000, 150 refugee families	Israeli electricity network, no local water net 2 schools, 1 health centre	Isolated between barrier & Green Line, divided from Barta'a Gharbiya	Demolition orders served on 12 homes & 150 businesses	12 March Municipality officials

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<i>Tura el Gharbiye, Jenin</i>	Pop 1,200 100 refugees	Generators, local water network. 1 co-educational secondary school: 50 of 170 pupils come from surrounding villages 1 elementary school 40 out of 135 from outside Main clinic & mosque for the are.	1,500 dunums residents prevented from accessing land on the western side of barrier. Tura will be isolated from villages within the Barta'a esh-Sharqiya enclave	4 registered refugees losing land	5 March Village Council Head & members
<i>Rumana, Jenin</i>	Pop 3,500 313 refugee families	Local generators & water network/ UNRWA Basic co-ed school	800 dunums to barrier. No access gate in area.	A 'deep trench' will run from the Salem checkpoint encircling Rumana, Taibe, & Anin	11 March Village Council Head
<i>Zububa, Jenin</i>	Pop 2,000 240 refugee families	Local generators & water network Sewage from Salem checkpoint drains into main street & threatens local wells.	250 dunums to barrier	See box inset	11 March Village Council Head